

The Border Widette.

Territorial Library

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR.

NOGALES, SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, ARIZONA, MAY 24, 1913.

No. 21.

Now for the Turkey Trot!

The Victor is ready with the music, and you can dance the Turkey Trot and Tango whenever your feet feel that way.

Catchy and lively records—loud and brilliant, and played in perfect time for dancing.

If you don't dance, you'll enjoy listening to this fascinating music any way.

Come in and hear the newest Victor Records for dancing Turkey Tots and Tangos.

Victor-Victrolas \$15 to \$200. Victor's \$10 to \$100.

—FOR SALE BY—

SONORA NEWS CO.,

NOGALES,

ARIZONA

BANCO DE SONORA

MAIN OFFICE: HERMOSILLO.

BRANCHES: NOGALES, GUAYMAS, ALAMOS, LA PAZ, CHIHUAHUA AND CULIACAN

CAPITAL PAID UP \$1,500,000.00

SURPLUS \$ 1,280,000.00

BRANCH AT NOGALES:

CARLOS RIVERA, MANAGER

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN MEXICAN AND AMERICAN MONEY

Electric Light Plant
in the city

COMPANIA

Industrial y Explotadora de Maderas

ICE FACTORY.

GUAYMAS, SONORA, MEXICO.

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS; ROUGH AND DRESSED.

PLANING MILL, DOORS, WINDOWS

MOULDING, ETC., ETC.

MANUFACTURERS OF WIRE NAILS. MATCH FACTORY.

Blacksmith Coal and Coke Constantly on Hand.

O. J. OMSTEAD

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

CEMENT BRICK, STONE AND EVERYTHING IN BUILDING.

CONSTRUCTING AND REPAIRING.

NOGALES.

ARIZONA

Shoppers at Night Should Buy by Gas Light

Artificial light makes all the difference in the world in the appearance of both persons and articles. Those of us who are forced to do our shopping at night will be well repaid if we are careful enough to buy in gas lighted stores. Gas Sunshine is the nearest light to real daylight possible to produce. It is so close to it that delicate shades can be easily matched under it. You need not fear to purchase a dress, suit of clothes, ribbons, or anything else you might desire in a store that is lighted with gas. Take our word for it.

International Gas Company



Montezuma Hotel,

L. J. F. IAEGER, Prop.

The Only First-Class Hotel in Nogales.
Newly Refitted and Furnished Throughout.

FIRST-CLASS DINING ROOM

RATES REASONABLE.

DRUMMERS' SAMPLE ROOMS.

CANANEA.

Conditions Are Gradually Improving
at Copper Camp.

Word comes from Cananea to the effect that conditions are gradually improving though yet by no ways near the normal, says the Douglas International. Last week the Puertecito mine which was closed for a month was partially started up and a number of the old employees given employment. Besides this were a number of miners put to work in other properties in the district.

It was learned yesterday that it was the intention to start up one unit of the concentrating mill this week and to supply this it will require further increase of miners. In all it is expected that the force of the Cananea company will be increased by about two hundred men this week. Inquiry as to when the Cananea company would reach the limit of operation which was in evidence before the shut down was caused by the burning of the railroad bridges brought no definite reply. That will depend on the spirit which prevails in the camp, as after the treatment of General Manager J. S. Douglas, who was driven from the camp by threats, the company will naturally insist that assurance be given of full protection before it makes preparation for full resumption.

It was the disposition of the eastern directors to close the camp entirely and this would no doubt have occurred only for the insistence that such action would be so great a hardship on the men left at work when the partial shut down occurred.

Mr. Bonillas, the new prefect, is proving to be a most excellent man for that position at Cananea under present and recent conditions. He is a man of splendid judgment and undoubted patriotism in the cause of Sonora and is doing all in his power to bring about a condition in Cananea that will warrant the Cananea Consolidated Copper company to push their enterprise to the full limit and to warrant others in the district to do the same.

A number of changes have been made under the new management and a goodly number of employees have been discharged on the simple theory that the work of the company did not require their continuance. In this curtailment of the force in several departments the Americans have been more in evidence than the Mexicans.

It was learned yesterday that this week some 70 cars loaded with supplies of various kinds and which have been held at Naco and on other available sidetracks between Naco and Douglas during the past month will go forward to Cananea this week.

Olive Industry to Be Given Trial.

An industry which has been started in Arizona and one which will without any question prove a great winner in due time, has been started at Casa Grande. While in this particular instance the industry is in its infancy but from the expressions of those familiar with the olive industry there is every reason to believe that in time it will prove one of the great resources of the state.

E. J. Vance, who has large farming interests at Casa Grande has had a portion of his farm prepared and is now having olive trees to the value of \$22,500 set out. The work of clearing the land has been in progress for several months. The trees which are being set out were shipped in from California and cost 50 cents each. There are 45,000 trees in the lot, costing in the aggregate \$22,500.

While it has been conclusively demonstrated that olives will grow well in this section, this is the first large enterprise of the kind to be started. Mr. Vance came to this section several months ago from California where he was engaged in olive culture. —Arizona Record.

ARIZONA NOTES.

Items of Interest Culled From Our
Exchanges.

Hon. Wiley E. Jones left Sunday for Tombstone to look after some law matters, and also to meet a man who is figuring on purchasing his Mexico ranch. It lies adjacent to the West Coast railroad and is not only first-class agricultural land but most of it is still covered with valuable hardwood timber. It should bring Mr. Jones a large sum of money. —Blade.

After hearing the evidence, Friday, in the sheriff's case, Judge Fred Sutter rendered judgment in favor of the present incumbent. The evidence showed that the written demand for the office was served upon Undersheriff Jas. S. Sinnott, instead of upon Sheriff McGee, and also that the second appointment of Sheriff McGee, by the Board of Supervisors, had been made without a new petition asking for said appointment. —Arizona Blade Tribune.

"Mines are more often made than discovered," D. C. Jackling, the pioneer in the "porphyry" copper field, remarked recently. "I can recall almost no instance of big copper mines developed in the last few years that were not known for years before their development was taken up. Of course, development of mining and metallurgical methods is responsible for the existence of many great mines of today. In the early rush of prospectors great properties were passed over that later became more valuable than the richest of the early strikes. Take Utah Copper, for instance, the first and largest porphyry copper mine and considered by some to be the greatest copper mine in the world. The richest shoots were discovered and worked by men of Johnston's army returning from California thru Utah. The Ray Consolidated property was examined by Dr. James Douglas in 1883, but at that time methods had not been found that could handle its immense tonnage of low grade ore at a profit." —Mohave County Miner.

Former Governor Dead.

John J. Gosper, former territorial governor of Arizona, secretary of state of Nebraska and an official in the civil war died in Los Angeles in poverty. He was a charity patient at the county hospital and was 71 years old. He was well known among the old school politicians and was for a time president of the Los Angeles city board of education.

Gosper was secretary of state from 1879 to 1881, when Gen. Fremont was governor of the territory, and succeeded to the governor's office for a few months following Fremont. He is also mentioned in one of the histories of the state as having been chief justice of the territorial court, but this appears to be involved in doubt. —The Progress.

Geo. Weiland Sells Prospects.

Geo. F. Weiland this week sold four claims near Jefferson camp, in the Harshaw district, to F. E. Thayer, T. P. Quinn and Gus Jaeger, consideration private. This property carries good surface values, especially in zinc, assays showing 25.3 per cent zinc, 20 per cent lead, 18 ounces in silver and \$5 in gold. The purchasers say a shipment will be made in a very short time.

Mr. Weiland also gave bond on five claims in the same district to the same parties, and W. R. Johnson, for \$25,000. Of these claims Mr. Weiland reserves the right to work the Great Silver, upon which the most work has been done, and from which there is now out and sacked a considerable quantity of ore awaiting shipment. —Santa Cruz Patagonian.

Isis is the place. New pictures without a quiver. Ten and fifteen cents. adv.

THE THREE R MINE.

3000 Tons of Ore Per Month to
Be Shipped.

The new 50-horsepower hoist has arrived at the Three R mine and is being installed this week. During the work of installation, the shipments of ore from the big producer have been cut down from over a hundred tons a day to about fifty tons per day, but by the 20th of this month, when the new hoist is up and working, the regular shipments will again be resumed.

The ore from the Three R has been going to the smelter at El Paso, but during the recent strike of Mexican laborers at the smelter, only part of the ore was shipped there, the other going to Hayden. It is expected shipments will be resumed to El Paso this week.

While the work of installing the new hoist necessarily interfered with the usual output of ore, causing the reduction in shipments noted, the same number of men are employed at the works. Superintendent Wanvig says 128 men are regularly employed, mostly Mexican laborers, but there are probably eighteen or twenty Americans at the mine, including the clerical force, engineers, draughtsmen and skilled mechanics. There is, therefore, a population of between 300 and 500 people in the hills near the mine.

As soon as the new hoist is erected, shipments will be resumed at the rate of 100 tons a day, the rate which has been maintained regularly for months. While this production may vary a trifle, it is the superintendent's intention to keep the monthly average at 3,000 tons. The ore being shipped averages about 9 or 10 per cent copper. —Santa Cruz Patagonian.

Arizona Leads Other States.

According to State Mine Inspector Jack Bolin, a practical miner of many years experience, mining conditions in Arizona are better in the state by a large margin, than in any other in the union, or in any country in the world.

Six thousand men are employed in mines of Arizona. In the past six months only twenty-eight accidents have occurred among this great army engaged in the most hazardous of occupations.

The mining pay rolls of Arizona aggregate over twenty million dollars a year.

In an interview with the Arizona Democrat Mr. Bolin said:

"Why, don't you know that the mining industry of this state at this time is paying out wages at the rate of eighty dollars per capita, for every man, woman or child in the state?"

"It is a pleasure at this time to pay a tribute to the heads of the Copper Queen; the United Verde and other gigantic mining concerns in Arizona along this line. I never make a request for an improvement, some new appliance, any little, or even big thing looking to increased safety of the men, that the mine owners do not cheerfully grant. I believe there is a standing order for all superintendents to meet the mine inspector more than half way in any worthy undertaking for the safety of the men."

Sheriff Arrests Himself.

A recent Douglas dispatch says: Following the accidental discharge of his revolver by dropping it from his pocket in front of the Gadsden Friday morning, Sheriff Harry Wheeler had a warrant sworn out against himself, charging the careless discharge of firearms within the city limits. Appearing before Judge Maclay, the sheriff pleaded guilty to the charge, and was fined \$10, which he paid, although the justice informed him that the maximum penalty was \$300 and six months in jail.

Wheeler left shortly afterward for Tombstone with three prisoners who have been bound over to the superior court.

Notice of Sale of Delinquent Stock

Float Gold Amalgamating Company.

Location of principal place of business, Los Angeles, California.

NOTICE: There is delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment No. 4, levied on the 5th day of March, 1913, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

NAME	No. of Cert.	No. of Shares	Amount
Will Fraser	65	5	\$ 2.50
L. A. Hartman	81	1000	500.00
A. M. McLaren	228	10	5.00
Mabel M. McLaren	228	5	2.50
L. A. Olsen	181	5	2.50
Wm. F. Steel	17	10	5.00
Wm. F. Steel	101	20	10.00
Wm. F. Steel	151	10	5.00
E. J. Schlan	119	8	4.00
H. Weinheimer	114	2	1.00
Alfred Hoffman	14	15	7.50
Alfred Hoffman	64	5	2.50

And in accordance with law and an order of the board of directors made on the 5th day of March, 1913, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the said Float Gold Amalgamating Company, No. 327 North Buena Vista street, Los Angeles, California, on the 19th day of May, 1913, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of the said day, to pay the delinquent assessments thereon, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

NICHOLAS J. KUNNY,
Secretary of the Float Gold Amalgamating Company, whose office is located at No. 327 North Buena Vista street, Los Angeles, California. 5-24-3t

POSTPONEMENT.

Notice is Hereby Given, that the sale of the above delinquent stock has been postponed to June 18, 1913, at the same hour and place named in the foregoing notice of sale of delinquent stock.

By order of the board of directors.

NICHOLAS J. KUNNY,
Secretary of the Float Gold Amalgamating Company, whose office is located at No. 327 North Buena Vista street, Los Angeles, California. 5-24-3t

ORDINANCE No. 86.

Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Common Council of the Town of Nogales, as follows to-wit:

SECTION I.—It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to spit or expectorate upon any of the public side walks or cross walks, or upon any public path, by-way or highway in any public park, within the limits of the town of Nogales, Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona—or upon the floor or upon the steps of any public building in the town of Nogales, Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona.

SECTION II.—Any Person or persons violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum not more than twenty dollars, and in case said fine is not paid, the person or persons convicted shall be imprisoned in the town or county jail until said fine is satisfied at the rate of one day's imprisonment for each dollar of said fine.

SECTION III.—It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to throw glass or glass bottles in the street or streets, by-ways, avenues or alleys of the town of Nogales, State of Arizona, or upon any side walk or cross walk in said town of Nogales.

SECTION IV.—Any person or persons found guilty of Section III of this ordinance will be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof will be punished by a fine not exceeding twenty dollars or by imprisonment in the county or town jail not less than five nor more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION V.—All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SECTION VI.—This ordinance to take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication as required by law. Passed this 5th day of May, A. D. 1913.

(Signed) L. W. MIX, MAYOR
Attest,
(Signed) GROVER MARSTELLER,
5-10-5t Town Clerk